EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES (11-17239)

Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 *Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity* describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Target Organism	Pospiviroid		
Short description	Validation of a conventional RT-PCR assay for detection and preliminary identification of pospiviroids (expect CLVd) by Pospi1-FW/Pospi1-RE		
Laboratory contact details	Netherlands Institute for Vectors, Invasive plants and Plant health P.O. Box 9102, 6700 HC Wageningen, Netherlands		
Date and reference of the validation report	2013-09-17 - NRC-ref: 2010.molbio.033		
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM 7/98:	Yes		
Reference of the test description	N/R Update ISPM 27:2006 – Potato spindle tuber viroid (2006-022), section 3.3.3.3 Conventional RT-PCR using the primers of Verhoeven et al. (2004) J.Th.J. Verhoeven, C.C.C. Jansen, T.M. Willemen, L.F.F. Kox, R.A. Owens and J.W. Roenhorst (2004) Natural infections of tomato by Citrus exocortis viroid, Columnea latent viroid, Potato spindle tuber viroid and Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid. European Journal of Plant Pathology 110: 823-831		
Is the test the same as described in the EPPO DP?			
Is the lab accredited for this test?	No		
Plant species tested (if relevant)	Solanum lycopersicum Celosia cardiophyllum		
Matrices tested (if relevant)	leaves		
List of methods used			
Method for extraction / isolation / baiting of target organism from matrix			
Molecular methods, e.g. hybridization, PCR and real time PCR	х	RNA isolation by the RNeasy Plant Mini Kit (Qiagen), followed by RT-PCR by Pospi1-FW/Pospi1-RE primers and sequencing of the amplicon	
Serological methods: IF, ELISA, Direct Tissue Blot Immuno Assay			
Plating methods: selective isolation			
Bioassay methods: selective			

enrichment in host plants, baiting, plant test and grafting.				
Pathogenicity test				
Fingerprint methods: protein profiling, fatty acid profiling & DNA profiling				
Morphological and morphometrical methods intended for identification				
Biochemical methods: e.g. enzyme electrophoresis, protein profiling				
Other				
Analytical sensitivity (= limit of detection)				
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	Undiluted infected leaf sap was considered 100% infected. Starting with undiluted plant sap from infected hosts up to 10^7 times dilutes in sap of healthy tomato leaves, all species were detected up to a relative infection rate of 2,5 % (=40 times diluted).			
Diagnostic sensitivity				
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test , see appendix 2 of PM 7/98	100 %			
Specify the standard test	PCR sequencing of the complete viroid genome is considered the standard test. This can be achieved with primers Vid- FW/Vid-RE (CLVd, PSTVd and TCDVd) and 3H1/2H1 (PSTVd, TCDVd, MPVd and TPMVd). For other pospiviroids primers Pospi1-FW/Pospi1-RE are used to sequence the partial viroid genome.			
Analytical specificity				
Specificity value	100 %			
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	12 pospiviroid strains, see table 4 in validation report			
Number of non-target organisms tested	10 (4 Avsunviroidae and 6 Pospiviroidae), see table 8 in validation report			
Cross reacts with (specify the species)				
Diagnostic Specificity				
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test	100 %			
Specify the standard test	the standa FW/Vid-RE TCDVd, M	encing of the complete viroid genome is considered ard test. This can be achieved with primers Vid- E (CLVd, PSTVd and TCDVd) and 3H1/2H1 (PSTVd, PVd and TPMVd). For other pospiviroids primers I/Pospi1-RE are used to sequence the partial viroid		
<u>Reproducibility</u>				

Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100% at undiluted, 2x, 4x, 10x and 100 diluted		
Repeatability			
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100% at undiluted, 2x, 4x, 10x and 100 diluted		
Test performance study			
Test performance study?	No		
Include brief details of the test performance study and its output.It available, provide a link to published article/report			
Other information			
Any other information considered useful e.g. robustness, ease of performing the test, etc.	To determine the robustness of the test two different reaction mixes were used to generate PCR products: OneStep RT-PCR kit (Qiagen) and SuperScript One-Step RT-PCR System with Platinum Taq (Invitrogen). The latter yielded the best results. Different extraction buffers were used. Using a GH plus buffer with a heating step yielded the best results. Freezing the samples prior to analysis did not influence the		
	qualitative results obtained.		
The following complementary files are available online:	 Validation of a conventional RT-PCR assay for detection and preliminary identification of pospiviroids (expect CLVd) by Pospi1-FW/RE. (In Dutch) 		