## EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES (11-17239)

## Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 *Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity* describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Target Organism	Meloidogyne chitwoodi Meloidogyne fallax		
Short description	Specied specific PCR detection for Meloidogyne chitwoodi, M. fallax and M. hapla		
Laboratory contact details	Anses Plant Health Laboratory - Nematology Unit Domaine de la Motte au Viconte BP 35327, 35653 Le Rheu, France		
Date and reference of the validation report	September 2010 - Validation report - Septembre 2010		
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM 7/98:	Yes		
Reference of the test description	0 PM7/41(2) - Appendix 4 Wishart et al. (2002) Ribosomal intergenic spacer : a polymerase chain reaction diagnostic for Meloidogyne chitwoodi, M. fallax and M. hapla. Phytopathology 92, 884–892		
Is the test the same as described in the EPPO DP?	Modified dNTPs cencentration reduced		
Is the lab accredited for this test?	Yes		
Plant species tested (if relevant)			
Matrices tested (if relevant)	isolated nematodes		
List of methods used			
Method for extraction / isolation / baiting of target organism from matrix			
Molecular methods, e.g. hybridization, PCR and real time PCR	Х	Species specific PCR (IGS region)	
Serological methods: IF, ELISA, Direct Tissue Blot Immuno Assay			
Plating methods: selective isolation			
Bioassay methods: selective enrichment in host plants, baiting, plant test and grafting.			
Pathogenicity test			
Fingerprint methods: protein			

profiling, fatty acid profiling & DNA profiling				
Morphological and morphometrical methods intended for identification				
Biochemical methods: e.g. enzyme electrophoresis, protein profiling				
Other				
Analytical sensitivity (= limit of detection)				
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	1 J2 for M. fallax and 1 J2 for M. chitwoodi			
Diagnostic sensitivity				
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test , see appendix 2 of PM 7/98				
Specify the standard test				
Analytical specificity	-			
Specificity value	100% for	M. fallax and 97% for M. chitwoodi		
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	2 populations for M. falalx and 5 populations for M. chotwoodi (see annex 1 of validation report for details)			
Number of non-target organisms tested	28 populations of nematodes (see Annex 1 of validation report for details)			
Cross reacts with (specify the species)	Detected as M. chitwoodi for some of the replicates : M. javanica (1 population), M. enterolobii (1 population), Heterodera schachtii and Xiphinema sp.			
Diagnostic Specificity				
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test				
Specify the standard test				
<u>Reproducibility</u>				
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100% for	M. fallax and M. chitwoodi		
<u>Repeatability</u>				
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100 % for	M. fallax and M. chitwoodi		
Test performance study				
Test performance study?	No			
Include brief details of the test performance study and its output.It available, provide a link to published article/report				

Other information	
Any other information considered useful e.g. robustness, ease of performing the test, etc.	The full report is available upon request to the laboratory.