## EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES (11-17239)

## Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Target Organism	Erwinia amylovora	
	Li wiina amylovora	
Short description	Detection of Erwinia amylovora from plant material by Conventional PCR according to Gotsberger, adapted from Obradovic et al. (2007)	
Laboratory contact details	Bacteriology. Instituto Valenciano de Investigaciones Agrarias CV-315, km. 10.7, 46113 Moncada, Spain	
Date and reference of the validation report	2012-03 - Not specified	
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM 7/98:	Yes	
Reference of the test description	PM 7/020(1) For inclusion in the revision	
Is the test the same as described in the EPPO DP?	No For inclusion in the revision	
Is the lab accredited for this test?	No	
Plant species tested (if relevant)	Several plant species from the Rosaceae family	
Matrices tested (if relevant)	Shoots, leaves	
List of methods used		
Method for extraction / isolation / baiting of target organism from matrix		
Molecular methods, e.g. hybridization, PCR and real time PCR	Х	Conventional PCR according to Gotsberger, adapted from Obradovic et al. (2007).
Serological methods: IF, ELISA, Direct Tissue Blot Immuno Assay		
Plating methods: selective isolation		
Bioassay methods: selective enrichment in host plants, baiting, plant test and grafting.		
Pathogenicity test		
Fingerprint methods: protein profiling, fatty acid profiling & DNA profiling		

Morphological and morphometrical methods intended for identification			
Biochemical methods: e.g. enzyme electrophoresis, protein profiling			
Other			
Analytical sensitivity (= limit of detection)			
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	10^3-10^4 CFU/mL plant extract after DNA extraction following Llop et al (1999). 10^4-10^5 CFU/mL plant extract following Taylor et al (2001) and RED-extract-N-Amp T kit		
Diagnostic sensitivity			
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test, see appendix 2 of PM 7/98	Proportion of true positives/total number of samples: 0.67; 0.57 and 0.56 after DNA extraction following Llop et al (1999), Taylor et al (2001) and RED-extract-N-Amp T kit, respectively (in samples from 1 to 10^6 CFU/mL and healthy samples in ring test 2010).		
Specify the standard test			
Analytical specificity			
Specificity value	44 strains all positive		
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	30 strains all negative		
Number of non-target organisms tested			
Cross reacts with (specify the species)			
Diagnostic Specificity			
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test	Proportion of true negatives/total number of samples: 0.90; 0.87 and 0.82 after DNA extraction following Llop et al (1999), Taylor et al (2001) and RED-extract-N-Amp T kit, respectively (in samples from 1 to 10^6 CFU/mL and healthy samples in ring test 2010).		
Specify the standard test			
Reproducibility			
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	90% in IVIA assays when tested with different operators		
Repeatability			
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	92% in IVIA assays		
Test performance study			
Test performance study?	Yes		
Include brief details of the test performance study and its output.It available, provide a link to	Yes (14 laboratories from Europe, Morocco, USA and New Zealand) analysed 12 samples each (from 1 to 106 CFU/mL plant extract and healthy samples). Details about ring test		

published article/report	protocol available.	
Other information		
Any other information considered useful e.g. robustness, ease of performing the test, etc.		