## EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES (11-17239)

## Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Target Organism	Erwinia aı	mylovora
Short description	Detection of Erwinia amylovora from plant material by Commercial lateral flow device Ea Agri-Strip	
Laboratory contact details	Bacteriology. Instituto Valenciano de Investigaciones Agrarias CV-315, km. 10.7, 46113 Moncada, Spain	
Date and reference of the validation report	2012-03 - Not specified	
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM 7/98:	Yes	
Reference of the test description	PM 7/020 For inclus	(1) ion in the revision
Is the test the same as described in the EPPO DP?	No For inclus	ion in the revision
Is the lab accredited for this test?	No	
Plant species tested (if relevant)	Several p	lant species from the Rosaceae family
Matrices tested (if relevant)	Shoots, leaves	
List of methods used		
Method for extraction / isolation / baiting of target organism from matrix		
Molecular methods, e.g. hybridization, PCR and real time PCR		
Serological methods: IF, ELISA, Direct Tissue Blot Immuno Assay	Х	Commercial lateral flow device
Plating methods: selective isolation		
Bioassay methods: selective enrichment in host plants, baiting, plant test and grafting.		
Pathogenicity test		
Fingerprint methods: protein profiling, fatty acid profiling & DNA profiling		
Morphological and morphometrical methods intended for identification		

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Biochemical methods: e.g. enzyme electrophoresis, protein profiling			
Other			
Analytical sensitivity (= limit of detec	tion)		
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	10^5-10^6 CFU/mL plant extract		
Diagnostic sensitivity			
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test , see appendix 2 of PM 7/98	samples f	Proportion of true positives/total number of samples: 0.13 (in samples from 1 to 10^6 CFU/mL and healthy samples I ring test in 2010)	
Specify the standard test	-		
Analytical specificity			
Specificity value			
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	39 E. amy	lovora strains all positive	
Number of non-target organisms tested	61 strains	all negative	
Cross reacts with (specify the species)	E. tasman	iensis, E. pyrifoliae, E. piriflorinigrans	
Diagnostic Specificity			
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test		n of true negatives/total number of samples: 0.93 (in rom 1 to 10^6 CFU/mL and healthy samples in ring 10)	
Specify the standard test	-		
Reproducibility			
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	94% wher	n tested with different operators in IVIA assays	
Repeatability			
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	96% In IV	A assays	
Test performance study			
Test performance study?	Yes		
Include brief details of the test performance study and its output.It available, provide a link to published article/report	Zealand)	boratories from Europe, Morocco, USA and New analysed 12 samples each (from 1 to 10^6 CFU/mL act and healthy samples). Details about ring test vailable.	
Other information			
Any other information considered useful e.g. robustness, ease of performing the test, etc.	immunoa: amylovora	s in Braun-Kiewnick et al (2011). A rapid lateral-flow ssay for phytosanitary detection of Erwinia a and on-site fire blight diagnosis. Journal of ogical Methods 987:1-9.	

Recommended only for symptomatic samples for its low sensitivity but high specificity.
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