## EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Laboratory contact details	Anses Plant Health Laboratory - Pests and Tropical Pathogens Unit Pôle de Protection des Plantes, 7 Chemin de l'IRAT, 97410 Saint Pierre, France	
Short description of the test	Detection and identification of 'Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus' and 'Candidatus Liberibacter africanus' by Molecular real time PCR (according to Bertolini et al. (2010, 2014)) in Citrus sp. leaves	
Date, reference of the validation report	2020-07-10 - HLB_qPCR_EUPHRESCO-2016-A-232	
Link to other validation data	- HLB_qPCR_EUPHRESCO-2016-A-232 Detection and identification of 'Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus' and 'Candidatus Liberibacter africanus' by Molecular real time PCR (according to Bertolini et al. (2010, 2014)) in Citrus sp. leaves	
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM7/98?	yes	
Is the lab accredited for this test?	no	
Was the validated data generated in the framework of a project?	Euphresco	
If yes, please specify	2016-A-232	
Description of the test		
Organism(s)	'Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus' (LIBEAS) 'Candidatus Liberibacter africanus' (LIBEAF)	
Detection / identification	detection and identification	
Method(s)	Molecular Extraction DNA RNA Molecular real time PCR	
Method: Molecular Extraction DNA RNA		
Reference of the test description		
Kit		
Is a kit used	yes	
Manufacturer name	QIAGEN	
Specify the kit used	DNeasy Plant Mini Kit	
Kit used following the manufacturer's instructions?	yes DNA extraction was performed on ground citrus leaves using the DNeasy Plant Mini Kit (Qiagen, 1 / 4 Germantown, MD, USA) following the	

	manufacturer's recommendations.			
Other information				
Other details on the test	Ground using a HOMEX 6 homogenizer (Bioreba AG, Reinach, Switzerland) with 5 mL of extraction buffer (pH = 8): 50 mM Sigma 7-9® TRIS (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany); 5 mM EDTA (Merck KGaA); and 1%sodium dodecyl sulfate (Merck KGaA).			
Method: Molecular real time PCR				
Reference of the test description				
As or adapted from an EPPO diagnostic protocol	yes			
EPPO Diagnostic Protocol name	PM 7/121 <i>'Candidatus</i> Liberibacter africanus', ' <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter americanus' and ' <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter asiaticus' (version 1)			
Name of the test	Real-time PCR targeting 16S rRNA gene (according to Bertolini et al. (2010, 2014))			
As or adapted from an IPPC diagnostic protocol	no			
Is the test modified compared to the reference test	no			
Kit				
Is a kit used	no			
Other information				
Reaction type	Simplex - Probe			
Are the performance characteristics included in the EPPO diagnostic protocol?	no			
Performance Criteria :				
Organism 1.:	'Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus'(LIBEAS)			
Analytical sensitivity				
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	6.40E-04 (DL 100) DL100 is defined as the smallest number of target analytes detected in the samples 100% of the time by a given method. This value is relative and is only relevant for comparison with the data produced for the other tests in the framework of the 2016-A-232 Euphresco project.			
Analytical specificity - inclusivity				
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	12 strains (see details in paper)			
Specificity value	100.00%			
Analytical specificity - exclusivity				
Number of non-target organisms tested	See paper: samples infected by Clso and Xcc + several non-target DNA samples corresponding to different non infected matrices			

Specificity value	25.00%			
Cross reacts with	'Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum'			
Repeatability				
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	DL 100: 92.2%			
Organism 2.:	'Candidatus Liberibacter africanus'(LIBEAF)			
Analytical sensitivity				
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	5.5E-03 (DL 100) DL100 is defined as the smallest number of target analytes detected in the samples 100% of the time by a given method. This value is relative and is only relevant for comparison with the data produced for the other tests in the framework of the 2016-A-232 Euphresco project.			
Analytical specificity - inclusivity				
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	5 strains (see details in paper)			
Specificity value	86.7%			
Analytical specificity - exclusivity				
Number of non-target organisms tested	See paper: samples infected by Clso and Xcc + several non-target DNA samples corresponding to different non infected matrices			
Specificity value	25.00%			
Cross reacts with	'Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum'			
Repeatability				
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	DL 100: 91.7%			
Test performance study				
Test performance study?	no			
Brief details of the test performance study and its output.It available, link to published article/report	Test performance study organized in the framework of a EUPHRESCO project involving 8 international laboratories.			
Other information				
Any other information considered useful	Publication available at: https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007/s10658-020-02052-3.pdf Cellier, G., C. Redondo, J. Cubero, M. Roselló, E. de Andrade, L. Cruz, E. Ince, H. N. Yildiz, P. G. Güler, A. M. D'Onghia, T. Yaseen, K. Djelouah, E. Metz-Verschure, F. Gaffuri, R. A. Gottsberger, and B. Giovani. 2020. "Comparison of the performance of the main real-time and conventional PCR detection tests for 'Candidatus Liberibacter' spp., plant pathogenic bacteria causing the Huanglongbing disease in Citrus spp." European Journal of Plant Pathology. doi: 10.1007/s10658-020-02052-3.			

Creation date: 2020-08-18 15:31:54	- Last update: 2020-09-14 15:08:00	