## EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Laboratory contact details	National Institiute of Biology, Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology Vecna pot 121, 1000 Ljubljana, Slovenia	
Short description of the test	Detection of Xylella fastidiosa by real-time PCR (Schaad et al., 2002) in plant material	
Date, reference of the validation report	2018-06-14 - 172; Dreo, Tanja, 2018. qPCR for detection of Xylella fastidiosa based on Schaad et al., Phytopathology, 2002, 92 (7): 721-728: Review of existing validation data, modification of test and in silico analysis. (No. D0008/18). National Institute of Biology, Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology, Ljubljana.; Dreo, Tanja and Pirc, Manca, 2018. qPCR for detection of Xylella fastidiosa based on Schaad et al., Phytopathology, 2002, 92 (7): 721-728: Diagnostic specificity and sensitivity determined in spiked samples (PKIe) (No. D0009/18). National Institute of Biology, Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology, Ljubljana.; Dreo, Tanja and Pirc, Manca, 2018. qPCR for detection of Xylella fastidiosa based on Schaad et al., Phytopathology, 2002, 92 (7): 721-728: Analytical sensitivity – standard curves (No. D0010/18). National Institute of Biology, Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology, Ljubljana.; Dreo, Tanja and Pirc, Manca, 2018 qPCR for detection of Xylella fastidiosa based on Schaad et al. (2002), Francis et al. (2006), Harper et al., 2010, erratum 2013: Analytical specificity (No. D0027/18). National Institute of Biology, Department of Biotechnology and Systems Biology, Ljubljana.	
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM7/98?	yes	
Is the lab accredited for this test?	yes	
Was the validated data generated in the framework of a project?		
Description of the test		
Organism(s)	Xylella fastidiosa(XYLEFA)	
Detection / identification	detection	
Method(s)	Molecular Extraction DNA RNA Molecular real time PCR	

Method: Molecular Extraction DNA RNA		
Reference of the test description		
As or adapted from an EPPO diagnostic protocol	yes	
EPPO Diagnostic Protocol name	PM 7/024 Xylella fastidiosa (version 3)	
Kit		
Is a kit used	yes	
Manufacturer name	BIONOBILE	
Specify the kit used	QuickPick™ SML Plant DNA	
Kit used following the manufacturer's instructions?		
Other information		
Method: Molecular real time PCR		
Reference of the test description		
As or adapted from an EPPO diagnostic protocol	no	
New test being considered for inclusion in the next version of the EPPO diagnostic protocol?	no	
As or adapted from an IPPC diagnostic protocol	no	
Reference of the test	Schaad, N. W., Opgenorth, D., Gaush, P. 2002. Real- Time Polymerase Chain Reaction for One-Hour On- Site Diagnosis of Pierce's Disease of Grape in Early Season Asymptomatic Vines. Phytopathology 2002 92:7, 721-728.	
Is the test modified compared to the reference test	yes	
Other information		
Are the performance characteristics included in the EPPO diagnostic protocol?	no	
Performance Criteria :		
Organism 1.:	Xylella fastidiosa(XYLEFA)	
Analytical sensitivity		
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	DNA: In total 500 target copies per mL extracted DNA (log 2,1 cps/mL as determined with digital PCR) were reliably detected (minimum 2/3 parallel reactions) in several X. fastidiosa strains, NIB Z 1962 (X. fastidiosa subsp. multiplex, LMG 9063), NIB Z 1963 (X. fastidiosa subsp. fastidiosa from almond, LMG 15099) and CoDiRo strain. Concentration of 103 cps/mL was reliably detected in all three tested strains. Standard curves in plant material: Concentrations from 5x10^4 to down to 10^3 to (target cps/mL) can be reliably detected in samples of olives (10^4), oleander (10^3), rosemary (5x10^3) and lavender (5x10^4) plants tested for latent infection. Spiked PKIe controls:	

	100 % analytical sensitivity (111 different symptomatic samples of 27 different genera and 66 asymptomatic (latent) samples of 20 different	
	genera were tested).	
<u>Diagnostic sensitivity</u>		
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test, see appendix 2 of PM 7/98	No data available.	
Analytical specificity - inclusivity		
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	3	
Specificity value	100	
Analytical specificity - exclusivity		
Number of non-target organisms tested	90	
Specificity value	Xanthomonas campestris pv. citri (even with high concentrations as tested there was only one reaction positive out of two tested (Cq 37.5))	
Cross reacts with	Xanthomonas campestris pv. citri	
Diagnostic Specificity		
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test	No data available.	
Reproducibility		
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100%	
Repeatability		
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100%	
Test performance study		
Test performance study?	no	
The following complementary files are available online:	<ul> <li>D0008_18_qPCR_Xyf_Schaad_2002_ModificationInSilico</li> <li>D0009_18_qPCR_Xyf_Schaad_2002_DiagnosticSensitivityPKle</li> <li>D0010_18_qPCR_Xyf_Schaad_2002_AnalyticalSensitivity_SCs</li> <li>D0027_qPCR_Xyf_HarperSchaadFrancis_AnalyticalSpecificity</li> </ul>	

Creation date: 2018-10-05 00:00:00 - Last update: 2021-01-22 09:48:02