

**EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION
ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION
DES PLANTES**

(11-17239)

Summary sheet of validation data for a diagnostic test

The EPPO Standard PM 7/98 *Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity* describes how validation should be conducted. It also includes definitions of performance criteria.

Target Organism	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus	
Short description	Identification of Bursaphelenchus xylophilus by specific PCR Castagnone et al. 2005	
Laboratory contact details	Anses, Laboratoire de la Santé des Végétaux - Unité de Nématologie Domaine de la Motte au Viconte BP 35327, 35653 Le Rheu, France	
Date and reference of the validation report	2011-05 - Evaluation d'outils moléculaires d'identification de Bursaphelenchus xylophilus sur individus isolés	
Validation process according to EPPO Standard PM 7/98:	Yes	
Reference of the test description	0 Appendix 2 Castagnone C., Abad P & Castagnone-Serneno P (2005) Satellite DNA-based species specific identification of single individuals of the pinewood nematode Bursaphelenchus xylophilus EJPP 112, 191-193	
Is the test the same as described in the EPPO DP?	Yes	
Is the lab accredited for this test?	No	
Plant species tested (if relevant)		
Matrices tested (if relevant)	Nematodes	
List of methods used		
Method for extraction / isolation / baiting of target organism from matrix		
Molecular methods, e.g. hybridization, PCR and real time PCR	X	satellite DNA species specific PCR
Serological methods: IF, ELISA,		

Direct Tissue Blot Immuno Assay		
Plating methods: selective isolation		
Bioassay methods: selective enrichment in host plants, baiting, plant test and grafting.		
Pathogenicity test		
Fingerprint methods: protein profiling, fatty acid profiling & DNA profiling		
Morphological and morphometrical methods intended for identification		
Biochemical methods: e.g. enzyme electrophoresis, protein profiling		
Other		
<u>Analytical sensitivity (= limit of detection)</u>		
What is smallest amount of target that can be detected reliably?	2-5 nematods	
<u>Diagnostic sensitivity</u>		
Proportion of infected/infested samples tested positive compared to results from the standard test , see appendix 2 of PM 7/98	Not performed	
Specify the standard test	Not relevant	
<u>Analytical specificity</u>		
Specificity value	100%	
Number of strains/populations of target organisms tested	7 populations (see table1)	
Number of non-target organisms tested	15 populations (see table1)	
Cross reacts with (specify the species)	none	
<u>Diagnostic Specificity</u>		
Proportion of uninfected/uninfested samples (true negatives) testing negative compared to results from a standard test	Not performed	
Specify the standard test	Not relevant	
<u>Reproducibility</u>		
Provide the calculated % of	95.8% for 2 nematodes	

agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100% for 5 nematodes
<u>Repeatability</u>	
Provide the calculated % of agreement for a given level of the pest (see PM 7/98)	100%
<u>Test performance study</u>	
Test performance study?	No
Include brief details of the test performance study and its output. If available, provide a link to published article/report	
<u>Other information</u>	
Any other information considered useful e.g. robustness, ease of performing the test, etc.	See table 2. The full report is available upon request to the laboratory.
The following complementary files are available online:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Table 1 List of species and population tested to evaluate specificity • table 2 comparison of tests